



Directors' Liability Survey 2022

# Cyber extortion - ransomware and payment of ransoms

Glyn Thoms, WTW

Cyber risk is still ranked as the most significant risk facing directors and officers, but this year, we asked people also to comment on cyber extortion and it has immediately been ranked in the top four risks across all regions, company revenue sizes and industries.

The concerns around cyber extortion are undoubtedly driven by the surge in ransomware attacks over the last 24 months, the majority of which have included the demand for an extortion payment. Ransomware has become a low investment, low risk and high reward method of cybercrime which organisations cannot ignore. Looking at our WTW Claims Insight Data – where we have reviewed more than 2,000 claims' across our portfolio – we have seen a 200% increase in ransomware claims notifications under cyberinsurance policies since 2019.

**200%**    
increase in ransomware  
claims notifications under  
cyberinsurance policies  
since 2019

From an industry sector perspective, our data shows the top three industry sectors impacted by ransomware attacks are healthcare, manufacturing and education. In 2021, we also saw a shift in tactics from the cybercriminals, including one of the first major attacks against critical infrastructure, the highly publicized Colonial Pipeline attack. As a result, governments and regulators have been alerted to ransomware and extortion activity.

From a cost perspective, our claims data shows the top two cost components following ransomware attack are business interruption (33%) and ransomware payments (22%), with an average ransom demand of \$5.5m.

## The top two cost components following ransomware attack



**with an average ransom demand of \$5.5m**

### To pay or not to pay?

When faced with an extortion demand, one of the key considerations for directors and officers is whether or not to pay the demand. In our experience, the discussion around whether to pay is not always straightforward. The board will usually need to consider several factors including:

- **If we don't pay, will we be able to recover our systems and data?** And even if we do pay, does this guarantee we will recover everything?
- **Are we allowed to pay?** Putting aside the question of whether or not to pay, the legality of extortion payments requires careful consideration. The position on legality varies across jurisdictions and there are several financial sanctions and legislative requirements that potentially come into play.
- **If we can pay, how would we pay an extortion demand?** Ransomware attackers often demand ransom payments in cryptocurrency. Therefore, if the decision is taken to pay, it's important to plan how you would access cryptocurrency.
- **Do we have insurance in place and what does it cover?** For companies purchasing specific cyberinsurance, coverage will usually be provided for the financial impacts of a cyber extortion event, including extortion payments, incident response costs, business interruption and regulatory costs and liabilities. Coverage will also usually include access to specialist extortion advisors to support with the investigation and recovery.

The risk of cyber extortion is real, and we have outlined above, the considerations for directors and officers can be complicated. If nothing else, this highlights the need for directors and officers to be aware the exposure and to ensure that their organisation takes a proactive approach to cyber risk identification, quantification, and mitigation.

# Disclaimer

Willis Towers Watson offers insurance-related services through its appropriately licensed and authorised companies in each country in which Willis Towers Watson operates. For further authorisation and regulatory details about our Willis Towers Watson legal entities, operating in your country, please refer to our Willis Towers Watson [website](#).

It is a regulatory requirement for us to consider our local licensing requirements. The information given in this publication is believed to be accurate at the date of publication shown at the top of this document. This information may have subsequently changed or have been superseded and should not be relied upon to be accurate or suitable after this date.

This publication offers a general overview of its subject matter. It does not necessarily address every aspect of its subject or every product available in the market and we disclaim all liability to the fullest extent permitted by law. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used to replace specific advice relating to individual situations and we do not offer, and this should not be seen as, legal, accounting or tax advice. If you intend to take any action or make any decision on the basis of the content of this publication you should first seek specific advice from an appropriate professional. Some of the information in this video may be compiled from third party sources we consider to be reliable, however we do not guarantee and are not responsible for the accuracy of such. The views expressed are not necessarily those of Willis Towers Watson. Copyright Willis Towers Watson 2022. All rights reserved.

Each applicable policy of insurance must be reviewed to determine the extent, if any, of coverage for losses relating to the Ukraine crisis. Coverage may vary depending on the jurisdiction and circumstances. For global client programs it is critical to consider all local operations and how policies may or may not include coverage relating to the Ukraine crisis. The information contained herein is not intended to constitute legal or other professional advice and should not be relied upon in lieu of consultation with your own legal and/or other professional advisors. Some of the information in this publication may be compiled by third-party sources we consider reliable; however, we do not guarantee and are not responsible for the accuracy of such information. We assume no duty in contract, tort or otherwise in connection with this publication and expressly disclaim, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any liability in connection with this publication. Willis Towers Watson offers insurance-related services through its appropriately licensed entities in each jurisdiction in which it operates. The Ukraine crisis is a rapidly evolving situation and changes are occurring frequently. Willis Towers Watson does not undertake to update the information included herein after the date of publication. Accordingly, readers should be aware that certain content may have changed since the date of this publication. Please reach out to the author or your Willis Towers Watson contact for more information.

## About WTW

At WTW (NASDAQ: WTW), we provide data-driven, insight-led solutions in the areas of people, risk and capital. Leveraging the global view and local expertise of our colleagues serving 140 countries and markets, we help you sharpen your strategy, enhance organizational resilience, motivate your workforce and maximize performance. Working shoulder to shoulder with you, we uncover opportunities for sustainable success – and provide perspective that moves you. Learn more at [wtwco.com](#).



[wtwco.com/social-media](#)

Copyright © 2022 Willis Towers Watson. All rights reserved.  
WTW-FINEX 514701/05/22

[wtwco.com](#)

